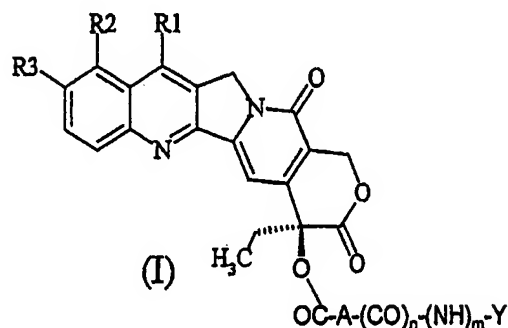


**AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

1 (Currently Amended) ~~Formula (I) compounds~~ A compound of Formula I



where:

A is saturated or unsaturated straight or branched C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkyl, straight or branched C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkyl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> alkyl;

n and m are both 0 or both 1;

when n and m are equal to 1, then Y is saturated or unsaturated straight or branched C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> alkyl substituted with NR<sub>12</sub>R<sub>13</sub> or N<sup>+</sup>R<sub>12</sub>R<sub>13</sub>R<sub>14</sub>, where R<sub>12</sub>, R<sub>13</sub> and R<sub>14</sub>, which can be the same or different, are hydrogen or straight or branched C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, or Y is BCOOX, where B is a residue of an amino acid an organic compound bearing at least one carboxyl residue and at least one amine residue, X is H, straight or branched C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, benzyl or phenyl, substituted in the available positions with at least one group selected from C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy, halogen, nitro, amino, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, or,

if n and m are both 0; Y is 4-trimethylammonium-3-hydroxybutanoyl, both in the form of

inner salt and in the form of a salt with an anion of a pharmaceutically acceptable acid, or

Y is  $N^+R_{12}R_{13}R_{14}$ , as defined above;

~~R<sub>1</sub> is hydrogen or a~~  $-C(R_5)=N-O-R_4$  group, in which R<sub>4</sub> is hydrogen or a straight or branched C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> alkyl or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> alkenyl group, or a C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkyl group, or a straight or branched (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>) cycloalkyl - (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>) alkyl group, or a C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>14</sub> aryl group, or a straight or branched (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>14</sub>) aryl - (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>) alkyl group, or a heterocyclic group or a straight or branched heterocyclo - (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>) alkyl group, said heterocyclic group containing at least one heteroatom selected from an atom of nitrogen, optionally substituted with a (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>) alkyl group, and/or an atom of oxygen and/or of sulphur; said alkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, aryl-alkyl, heterocyclic or heterocyclo-alkyl groups may optionally be substituted with one or more groups selected from: halogen, hydroxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> alkoxy, phenyl, cyano, nitro,  $-NR_6R_7$ , where R<sub>6</sub> and R<sub>7</sub>, which may be the same or different, are hydrogen, straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>) alkyl, the  $-COOH$  group or one of its pharmaceutically acceptable esters; or the  $-CONR_8R_9$  group, where R<sub>8</sub> and R<sub>9</sub>, which may be the same or different, are hydrogen, straight or branched (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>) alkyl; or R<sub>4</sub> is a (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>) aroyl or (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>) arylsulphonyl residue, optionally substituted with one or more groups selected from: halogen, hydroxy, straight or branched C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> alkyl, straight or branched C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> alkoxy, phenyl, cyano, nitro,  $-NR_{10}R_{11}$ , where R<sub>10</sub> and R<sub>11</sub>, which may be the same or different, are hydrogen, straight or branched C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> alkyl; or R<sub>4</sub> is a polyaminoalkyl ~~residue~~ substituent; or R<sub>4</sub> is a glycosyl ~~residue~~ substituent; R<sub>5</sub> is hydrogen, straight or branched C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> alkyl, straight or branched C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkyl, straight or branched (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>) cycloalkyl - (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>) alkyl, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>14</sub> aryl, straight or branched (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>14</sub>) aryl - (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>) alkyl;

R<sub>2</sub> and R<sub>3</sub>, which may be the same or different, are hydrogen, hydroxyl, straight or branched C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> alkoxy; and  
the N1-oxides, the racemic mixtures, their individual enantiomers, their individual diastereoisomers, their mixtures, and pharmaceutically acceptable salts.

2. (Currently Amended) ~~Compounds~~ A compound according to claim 1, in which, in formula (I), n and m are 1.

3. (Currently Amended) ~~Compounds~~ A compound according to claim 1, in which, in formula (I), n and m are 0.

4. (Currently Amended) ~~Compounds~~ A compound according to claim 1, selected from the group

consisting of:

(E)-7-tert-butoxyiminomethyl-20-O-(4-trimethyl-ammonium-3-hydroxy)butanoyl-camptothecin bromide;

(E)-7-tert-butoxyiminomethyl-20-O-(4-trimethyl-ammonium)butanoyl-camptothecin bromide;

(E)-7-tert-butoxyiminomethyl-20-O-hemisuccinyl-camptothecin;

(E)-7-tert-butoxyiminomethyl-20-O-[2-(dimethylamino)ethylamino]succinylcamptothecin hydrochloride;

20-O-(~~benzylglycyl~~ benzylglycyl)succinyl-camptothecin;

20-O-(terbutylglycyl)succinyl-camptothecin bromide;

7-ter-butoxyiminomethyl-20-O-(terbutylglycyl)succinyl-camptothecin;

20-O-(glycyl)succinyl-camptothecin;

20-O-(2-methoxyphenylglycyl)succinyl-camptothecin; and

7-ter-butoxyiminomethyl-20-O-(2-methoxy-phenylglycyl)  
succinyl-camptothecin.

5. (Currently Amended) ~~Process~~A process for the preparation of ~~compounds~~a compound according to claim 1, where n and m are 0, comprising:

a) reaction of the camptothecin, optionally substituted with the R<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>2</sub> and R<sub>3</sub> groups defined above, with a carboxylic acid bearing a leaving group ω to obtain the respective ester in position 20; and

b) substitution of said leaving group with the Y group.

6. (Currently Amended) ~~Process~~A process for the preparation of ~~compounds~~a compound according to claim 1, where n and m are 1, comprising:

a) reaction of the camptothecin, optionally substituted with the R<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>2</sub> and R<sub>3</sub> groups defined above, with a carboxylic acid with 3 to 11 carbon atoms, to obtain the respective hemiester in position 20; and

b) transformation of the free carboxylic group of said hemiester to the respective amide -NH-Y.

7. (Canceled).

8. (Currently amended) ~~Pharmaceutical~~ A pharmaceutical composition containing a therapeutically effective amount of at least one compound according to claim 1, in admixture with pharmaceutically acceptable vehicles and excipients.

9. (Canceled).

10. (Currently Amended) ~~Pharmaceutical~~ A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 98, ~~in which the other~~ also containing an anticancer agent as an active ingredient ~~is an anticancer agent~~.

11.-13. (Canceled).

14. (New) A compound according to claim 1, in which B is glycine, alanine, phenylalanine, valine, leucine, isoleucine, aspartic acid, glutamic acid, lysine, arginine, tyrosine, and  $\gamma$ -aminobutyric acid or a salt on a free carboxyl and/or on a free basic group with pharmaceutically acceptable base or acid.

15. (New) A method of treating a tumor susceptible to treatment with a camptothecin comprising administering to a subject having a susceptible tumor an effective amount of a compound of claim 1.

16. (New) A method according to claim 15, wherein the tumor is a lung cancer, colorectal cancer, prostate cancer or a glioma.

17. (New) A method according to claim 15, wherein the tumor is a lung tumor.
18. (New) A method of treating a parasitic infection or a viral infection susceptible to treatment with a camptothecin comprising administering to a subject having a susceptible parasitic or viral infection an effective amount of a compound of claim 1.